

## Simple diet changes have a powerful effect on brain health

The Brain Health Food Guide is for adults who want to retain cognitive function and brain health as they age. The guide is based on studies of adults 50 years of age and older who changed their diet and found these benefits:

- After four months of eating well, they performed as if they were nine years younger on tests of reading and writing speed<sup>1</sup>
- After four years of eating well, they did not experience any memory loss<sup>2</sup>

Dietary patterns similar to the Brain Health Food Guide are associated with:

- 36 percent lower risk of developing Allzheimer's disease<sup>3</sup>
- 27 percent lower risk of developing mild cognitive impairment or pre-dementia<sup>3</sup>

With a nutritious variety of vegetables, fruit, whole grains, beans, fish, nuts and low-fat dairy products, the Brain Health Food Guide offers the same eating plan that's recommended to prevent or treat heart disease, diabetes, high cholesterol, high blood pressure and other conditions.

Consult with your health care provider to help you adapt these recommendations to meet your specific needs.







### Eating for brain health is all about..

- Embracing balance, moderation and variety (see back for guide)
- Focusing on an overall pattern of healthy eating, not one one specific "superfood" for brain health
- Making sure you eat until you are comfortably full and not stuffed
- Enjoying lots of vegetables and fruit
- Eating raw leafy vegetables daily, including lettuce, kale and spinach
- Eating fish, beans, and nuts several times a week
- Including healthy fats in the diet, from olive oil, nuts and fish
- · Limiting red and processed meat
- Selecting low-fat dairy products, such as milk and yogurt
- Choosing whole grains over refined grains e.g. white bread

#### Resources

#### Recipes & Healthy Eating

Dietitians of Canada www.cookspiration.com

Heart & Stroke Foundation www.heartandstroke.com

Canadian Diabetes Association www.diabetes.ca/diabetes-and-you/recipes

EatRight Ontario www.eatrightontario.ca

HealthLink BC www.healthlinkbc.ca/healthyeating

#### **Preventing Dementia**

Alzheimer Society of Canada www.alzheimer.ca/en/Living-widementia/BrainBooster







- Choose colour. Include colourful fruits and vegetables at each meal
- Grill, steam and bake foods instead of deep frying
- Stock your kitchen with a variety of dried or canned beans, frozen or canned fish, frozen vegetables and fruits
- Add beans or legumes to soups, stews and stir-fries
- **Snack smart.** Reach for nuts, fresh fruit, cut up vegetables and low fat yogurt
- Keep hydrated. Drink water or unsweetened beverages

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#### **Team 6 Member Organizations:**

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#### Supporting Evidence:

- Smith PJ, Blumenthal, JA, Babyak MA, et al. Effects of the dietary approaches to stop hypertension diet, exercise, and caloric restriction on neurocognition in overweight adults with high blood pressure.

   Hypertension, 2010:55:1331-1338.
- Valls-Pedret C,Sala-Vila A,Serra-Mir, et al. Mediterranean diet and age-related cognitive decline: a randomized trial. *JAMA Internal Medicine*. 2015:175(7):1094-1103.
- 3. Singh B, Parasaik AK, Mielke MM, et al. Association of Mediterranean diet with mild cogintive impairment and Alzheimer's disease: a systematic rewiew and meta-analysis. *J Alzheimers Dis*. 2014;39:271-282.







# Which Foods Help the Brain?



An Evidence-Based Approach to Healthy Eating for the Aging Brain

**BRAIN HEALTH**FOOD GUIDE









| Foods to Include  | Servings                  | Serving Size                              |  |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|
| Vegetables Total  | 5 or more<br>times a day  | 1   |  |
| Of this, be sure to include:  Raw Leafy Greens (e.g.lettuce, spinach, mixed greens, kale, cabbage | 1 time a day              | 1/2 cup except 1 cup for Raw Leafy Greens |  |
| Cruciferous Vegetables (e.g. broccoli, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, kale, cabbage, bok choy)    | 3 times<br>a week         |   |  |
| Fruit Total   | 4 or more<br>times a day  | 1 medium fruit                            |  |
| Of this, be sure to include:  Berries (fresh or frozen)   | 3 times<br>a week         | or<br>1/2 cup                             |  |
| Unsalted Nuts or All-natural Nut Butters Total (e.g. almond butter, peanut butter)                | 1 time a day              | 1/4 cup nuts<br>or<br>2 tbsp nut butter   |  |
| Of this, be sure to include: <b>Walnuts</b>   | 4 or more<br>times a week |   |  |
| Beans or Legumes<br>(e.g.chickpeas, kidney beans, lentils, navy beans)                            | 2 or more<br>times a week | 1/2 cup                                   |  |
| Fish or Seafood Total (not battered or fried)   | 3 times<br>a week         | 3-407                                     |  |
| Of this, be sure to include:  Fatty fish (e.g.salmon, trout, sardines)                            | 1 or more<br>times a week |   |  |

- Choose whole grains (e.g. oats, brown rice, brown pasta, 100% whole wheat or whole grain breads, quinoa, bulgur, barley, whole grain pasta) instead of refined grains (e.g. white rice, white pasta, white bread)
- Use low-fat milk (skim or 1%), yogurt (0-2%), and cheese (about 22%)
- Use extra-virgin olive oil as your main culinary oil for cooking, salad dressings, and added to bread and foods









| Foods to Limit  | Servings              |   | Serving Size               |  |
|---|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| Any Meat and Poultry Total  No more than 1 meal per day should include meat or poultry  | 1 or less<br>per day  |   |                            |  |
| Of this, be sure to limit: <b>Red and processed meats</b> (e.g. beef, pork, lamb, liver, sausages, hot dogs, jerky, cold cuts, pepperoni) |                       | ss than<br>er week  | 3-4oz                      |  |
| Butter, cream, or high fat dairy spreads (e.g. sour cream, cream cheese)  |                       | ss than<br>er week  | 1tsp butter<br>1tbsp cream |  |
| White breads (e.g. bread, rolls, bagels, pita,tortilla)   | 1 or less<br>per week |   | 1 slice bread<br>1/2 bagel |  |
| Pre-packaged foods and meals (e.g. canned soup, instant noodles, frozen appetizers, and entrees)  |                       |   |                            |  |
| Potato chips, fries, pretzels, or other salty snacks or fried food  |                       | 3 or less<br>servings per week<br>in total for<br>all these foods               |                            |  |
| Store-bought dairy desserts (e.g. ice cream, frozen yogurt, pudding, custard)   |                       |   |                            |  |
| Baked goods (especially store bought) (e.g. cookies, muffins, scones, croissants, donuts, cakes, pies)                                    |                       | Serving sizes<br>according to the<br>Nutrition Facts table<br>on the food label |                            |  |
| Candy and chocolate   |                       |   |                            |  |
| Pop,sweetened fruit juice or any other sugary drinl   | <                     |   |                            |  |